

## Chapter 18 Review Solutions

$$1. f'(x) = \frac{20}{3} x^{-\frac{1}{6}} - 63x^8 - 13\pi x^{-\pi-1}$$

$$2. f'(x) = \cos(3x^2 + 5x - 7) (6x + 5)$$

$$3. f'(x) = 35x^6 \ln(4x^5 - 13x) + (5x^7) \frac{20x^4 - 13}{4x^5 - 13x}$$

$$4. f'(x) = 12(3x+1)^3 \sec^2((3x+1)^4) e^{\tan((3x+1)^4)}$$

$$5. f'(x) = (\cos^2 x^2 - \sin^2 x^2) 2x$$

$$6. f'(x) = -9 \cos^8(2x^4 - 3x) \sin(2x^4 - 3x) (8x^3 - 3)$$

$$7. f'(x) = \frac{12x^3 + 5}{3x^4 + 5x}$$

$$8. f'(x) = 5 \left( \frac{2 + e^{7x}}{x^2 - 8x} \right)^4 \left( \frac{(x^2 - 8x)(7e^{7x}) - (2 + e^{7x})(2x - 8)}{(x^2 - 8x)^2} \right)$$

$$9. f'(x) = -\frac{2}{3} x (8 - x^2)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \sin x^3 + 3x^2 \sqrt[3]{8 - x^2} \cos x^3$$

$$10. f'(x) = \frac{(\sec 7x)(9x^8 - 8) - 7(x^9 - 8x) \sec 7x \tan 7x}{(\sec 7x)^2}$$

$$11. f'(x) = \frac{3x^2}{(x^3 - 8) \ln 7}$$

$$12. f'(x) = 9^{x^3 + 2x} \ln 9 (8x^2 + 2)$$

$$13. f(x) = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\sqrt{1-\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{9}}}}$$

$$14. f'(x) = 5^x \ln 5 \cos^{-1} x + 5^x \cdot \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$15. y = (\tan^{-1}(5x))^3$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(\tan^{-1}(5x))^2 \cdot \frac{5}{1+25x^2}}$$

$$16. f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(\sec^{-1} x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

$$17. 6xy + 3x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - y - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 5e^{y^2} 2y \frac{dy}{dx} \cot x + 5e^{y^2} (-\csc^2 x) = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y - 6xy + 5e^{y^2} \csc^2 x}{3x^2 - x + 10ye^{y^2} \cot x}$$

$$18. 1 \cdot \sin y + x \cos y \frac{dy}{dx} - \sin 2y \cdot 2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 4x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4x - \sin y}{x \cos y - 2 \sin 2y}$$

$$19. f'(x) = \sec^2 4x \cdot 4$$

$$f'\left(\frac{5\pi}{24}\right) = 4 \sec^2\left(4 \cdot \frac{5\pi}{24}\right)$$

$$= 4 \sec^2\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$= 4 \left(-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2$$

$$= 4 \cdot \frac{4}{3} = \boxed{\frac{16}{3}}$$

$$20. \quad 3x^2y - 2xy^2 = 1$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow 3y - 2y^2 = 1$$

$$0 = 2y^2 - 3y + 1$$

$$0 = (2y - 1)(y - 1)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}, 1 \rightarrow (1, \frac{1}{2}), (1, 1)$$

$$6xy + 3x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y^2 - 2x \cdot 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y^2 - 6xy}{3x^2 - 4xy}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{(1, \frac{1}{2})} = \frac{2(\frac{1}{2})^2 - 6(1)(\frac{1}{2})}{3(1)^2 - 4(1)(\frac{1}{2})} = \boxed{-\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{(1, 1)} = \frac{2(1)^2 - 6(1)(1)}{3(1)^2 - 4(1)(1)} = \boxed{4}$$

$$21. \quad f(x) = ax^3 + bx + 2$$

$$f(2) = 28$$

$$28 = a(2)^3 + b(2) + 2$$

$$26 = 8a + 2b$$

$$26 = 8a + 2(45 - 12a)$$

$$a = 4 \rightarrow 45 - 12(4) = b$$

$$f'(x) = 3ax^2 + b$$

$$f'(2) = 45$$

$$45 = 3a(2)^2 + b$$

$$45 = 12a + b$$

$$45 - 12a = b$$

$$45 - 12(4) = b$$

$$-3 = b$$

$$\boxed{a = 4, b = -3}$$

$$22. \quad x^2 - xy + y^2 = 4$$

$$2x - y - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$(2y - x) \frac{dy}{dx} = y - 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y - 2x}{2y - x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{(2y-x) \left( \frac{dy}{dx} - 2 \right) - (y-2x) \left( 2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 1 \right)}{(2y-x)^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{(2y-x) \left( \frac{y-2x}{2y-x} - 2 \right) - (y-2x) \left( \frac{2(y-2x)}{2y-x} - 1 \right)}{(2y-x)^2}$$

$$23. \quad x^2 + 4y^2 = 17$$

$$2x + 8y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{4y}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{4y(-1) - (-x) 4 \frac{dy}{dx}}{(4y)^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{-4y + 4x \left( \frac{-x}{4y} \right)}{(4y)^2}$$