

18G: Derivatives of Log Functions

The derivative of $y = \ln x$.

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \ln x = \log_e x \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} x &= \frac{d}{dx} e^y \Rightarrow x = e^y \\ \Rightarrow 1 &= e^y \cdot \boxed{\frac{dy}{dx}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{e^y} = \boxed{\frac{1}{x}} \end{aligned}$$

The derivative of $y = \log_b x$ = $\frac{\ln x}{\ln b} = \frac{\log x}{\log b}$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \log_b x \Rightarrow x = b^y \\ \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} x &= \frac{d}{dx} b^y \\ \Rightarrow 1 &= b^y \cdot \ln b \cdot \boxed{\frac{dy}{dx}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{(\ln b) \cdot b^y} = \frac{1}{(\ln b) \cdot x}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\log_b x) = \frac{1}{(\ln b) \cdot x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\ln x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\log_b u) = \frac{d}{du} (\log_b u) \cdot \frac{du}{dx} = \quad \frac{d}{dx} (\ln u) = \frac{d}{du} (\ln u) \cdot \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{u} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

Examples: Find $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{(\ln b) \cdot u} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$.

$$1) \quad y = \ln(5x^3 - 4x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{1}{5x^3 - 4x} \right) (15x^2 - 4) = \left(\frac{15x^2 - 4}{5x^3 - 4x} \right)$$

$$2) \quad y = \left(\log_6(2x) - 7^{\sqrt{x}} \right)^5$$

$$7^u \quad (u = \sqrt{x})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5 \left(\log_6 2x - 7^{\sqrt{x}} \right)^4 \left[\frac{1 \cdot 2}{(\ln 6)(2x)} - 7^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot (\ln 7) \frac{1}{2}(x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

$$= \left[5 \left(\log_6 2x - 7^{\sqrt{x}} \right)^4 \left[\frac{1}{(\ln 6) \cdot x} - \frac{7^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot (\ln 7)}{2 \sqrt{x}} \right] \right]$$