

## Exit slip #2 Solution.

①

$$\#1 \quad f(x) = \sin(x) \Rightarrow \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f'(x) = \cos(x) \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$f''(x) = -\sin(x) \Rightarrow -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_3(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^2 + R_2(x)$$

$$\#2 \quad f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right)$$

$$= \ln(1+x) - \ln(1-x) = \left[ x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots \right] - \left[ -x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \dots \right]$$

$$M_5 = 2x + \frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{5}x^5 + \frac{2}{7}x^7 + R_7(x)$$

$$\frac{1+x}{1-x} = 3 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$M_5\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = (2)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + \frac{2}{5}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5 + \frac{2}{7}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^7 \approx \frac{1.09807}{1.00327}$$

$$R_{5\max} = \frac{2}{9}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^9 + \frac{2}{9}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{11} + \frac{2}{9}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{13} + \dots$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{9}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^9 \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} \approx 0.0005787$$

$$1.09807 - 0.0005787 \leq \ln 3 \leq 1.09807 + 0.0005787$$

$$\boxed{1.09749 \leq \ln 3 \leq 1.09864.}$$

(2)

#3. 
$$\int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt = \int [1 - t^2 + t^4 - t^6 + t^8 \dots] dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan^{-1} x - \tan^{-1}(0) = x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 - \frac{1}{7}x^7 \dots$$

$$x=1 \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7}$$

$$\pi = 4(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7}) \approx 2.90$$

OR  $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})^3 + \frac{1}{5}(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})^5 - \frac{1}{7}(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})^7$

$$\pi = 6 \cdot (0.945625) \approx \boxed{3.14}$$

#4. 
$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + R_7(x)$$

$$x = 1.5 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\sin(1.5) = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3}{3!} + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^5}{5!} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^7}{7!} \approx 0.997391$$

$$R_7(1.5) = \frac{(\sin x)^9(z)}{9!} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^9 \approx 0.000106$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (\sin x)^9 &= \cos x \\ 0 \leq z \leq 1.5 \\ \cos(0) &= 1 \text{ (Max)} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{0.997391 - 0.000106 \leq \sin(1.5) \leq 0.997391 + 0.000106}$$

$$0.997285 \leq \sin(1.5) \leq 0.997497$$

$$\boxed{0.9973 \leq \sin(1.5) \leq 0.9975}$$