

WS Key  
Evaluate the limit

$$\#1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x^2 - 1} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3x^2}{2x} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\#2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^3 - 27}{x^2 - 9} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3x^2}{2x} = \frac{27}{6} = \boxed{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$\#3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{10} - 1}{x - 1} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{10x^9}{1} = \boxed{10}$$

$$\#4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin^3 x} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos x \cdot (+\sin x)}{(3 \sin^2 x)(\cos x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{3 \sin x} = \frac{2}{0} = \boxed{\infty}$$

$\hookrightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^3 x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{0} = \infty$

$$\#5 \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{\pi - t} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{0}{-1} = 0$$

$$\#6 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\#7 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x \sin 2x}{x \sin 4x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin 4x} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right)$$
$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 \cos 3x}{1} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos 2x}{4 \cos 4x} = 3 \cdot \frac{2}{4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\#8 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{2x}\right)^{3x} = \ln L$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{2x}\right)}{\frac{1}{3x}} \left(\frac{0}{0}\right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2x}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{-1}{x^2}\right)} = \frac{3}{2} = \ln L \quad \boxed{L = e^{3/2}}$$

#9.

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(1 - \frac{3}{x}\right)^{2x} &= \ln L \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left(1 - \frac{3}{x}\right)}{\frac{1}{2x}} &= \ln L \quad \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{x}}\right) \left(\frac{3}{x}\right) \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)} = \ln L \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{x}}\right) (-6) = -6 = \ln L \end{aligned}$$

L = e^{-6}

$$\begin{aligned} \#11. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -x \ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{5x}\right) &= \ln L \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{5x}\right)}{-\frac{1}{x}} = \ln L \quad \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5x}}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \ln L \\ &= -\frac{1}{5} = \ln L \Rightarrow \boxed{L = e^{-\frac{1}{5}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\#13. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(7 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{6x} = \ln L$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left(7 - \frac{1}{x}\right)}{\frac{1}{6x}} = \frac{\ln 7}{0} = \boxed{\infty} = \ln L$$

L = \infty

$$\begin{aligned} \#10. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} \ln (e^{x+1}) &= \ln L \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln (e^{x+1})}{x} = \ln L \quad \left(\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{e^{x+1}} (e^{x+1}) = \ln L \quad \left(\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{e^{x+1}} = 1 = \ln L \end{aligned}$$

L = e^1

$$\begin{aligned} \#12. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} &= \ln L \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln (1+x)}{x} \quad \left(\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right) = \ln L \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right) = 0 = \ln L \end{aligned}$$

L = e^0 = 1