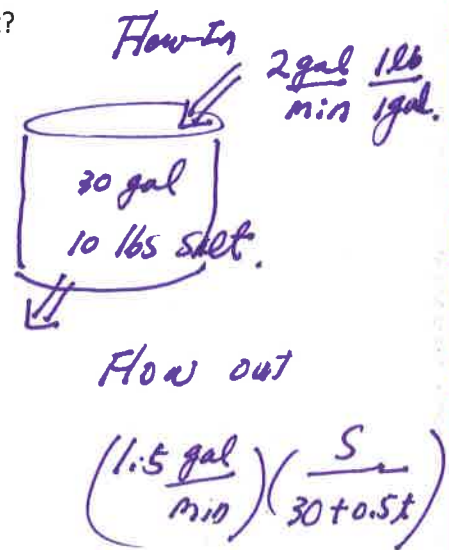


A tank contains 10 lb of salt dissolved in 30 gal of water. Suppose 2 gal of brine containing 1 lb of dissolved salt per gallon runs into the tank every minutes and that the mixture (kept uniform by stirring) runs out of the tank at the rate of 1.5 gal/ min. How long does it take (to nearest second) for the tank to contain 15 lb of salt?



DE:

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = 2 - \frac{1.5(S(t))}{30 + 0.5t}$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = 2 - \frac{3S(t)}{60 + t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{ds}{dt} + \frac{3}{60+t} S(t) = 2 \Rightarrow p = \frac{3}{60+t}$$

$$\Rightarrow (60+t)^3 \cdot S' + 3(60+t)^2 S = 2(60+t)^3$$

$I(t) = e^{\int \frac{3}{60+t} dt} = e^{3 \ln(60+t)} = (60+t)^3$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} [S(60+t)^3] = 2(60+t)^3$$

$$\Rightarrow \int d [S(60+t)^3] = \int 2(60+t)^3 dt$$

$$S = \frac{1}{(60+t)^3} \left[\frac{2}{4} (60+t)^4 + C \right] \quad S(0) = 10 \text{ lbs}$$

$$C = (-20)(60)^3$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} (60+t) - (20)(60)^3 (60+t)^{-3}$$

$$t \approx 3.59 \text{ (3 min 36 sec)}$$

$$15 = \frac{1}{2} (60+t) - 20(60)^3 (60+t)^{-3} \Rightarrow \text{Solve by GCG}$$