

IB Math HL1: More Equation(s) of the tangent line

Example 1) Find the x-coordinates of the point(s) where the tangent to $f(x) = x^3 + x + 2$ at $x=1$ meets the curve again.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}|_{x=1} = 3(1)^2 + 1 = 4$$

$$x = 1 \quad f(1) = 1 + 1 + 2 = 4 = y.$$

$$\Rightarrow y - 4 = 4(x - 1)$$

$f(x) = y \Rightarrow$ Solve for x

$$y = 4x - 4 + 4 = 4x.$$

$$\Rightarrow x^3 + x + 2 = 4x.$$

$$\textcircled{1} x^3 - 3x + 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}|_{x=a} = 2a.$$

$$\Rightarrow y - a^2 = 2a(x - a)$$

Tangent line.

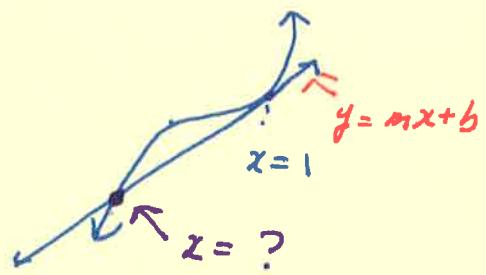
$$3 - a^2 = 2a(2 - a)$$

$$3 - a^2 = 4a - 2a^2$$

$$a^2 - 4a + 3 = 0$$

$$(a - 3)(a - 1) = 0$$

$$a = 3, a = 1$$



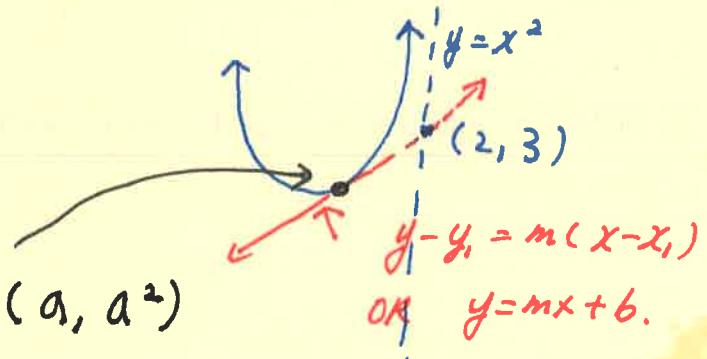
1	1	0	-3	2
x^2	1	x	-2	0

$$x^3 - 3x + 2 = (x-1)(x^2 + x - 2)$$

$$= (x-1)(x+2)(x-1)$$

$$x = 1, x = -2$$

Example 2) Find the equations of tangents to $y = x^2$ from the external point $(2, 3)$



$$(2, 3)$$

$$\textcircled{1} a = 1 \quad y - a^2 = 2a(x - a)$$

$$\boxed{y - 1 = 2(x - 1)} \text{ OR } \boxed{y = 2x - 1}$$

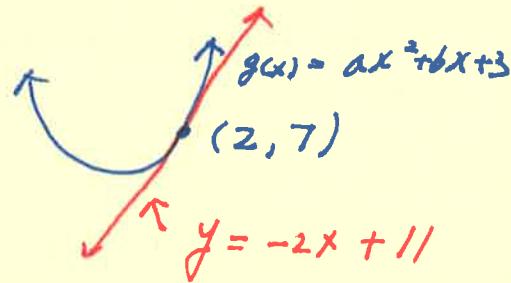
$$\textcircled{2} a = 3$$

$$\boxed{y - 9 = 6(x - 3)} \text{ OR } \boxed{y = 6x - 9}$$

Example 3) $y = -2x + 11$ is the equation of a tangent line to the graph of $g(x) = ax^2 + bx + 3$ at $(2, 7)$. Find the value of a and b .

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2ax + b.$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}|_{x=2} = [4a+b]$$



$$① \boxed{4a+b = -2} \quad !$$

$$g(2) = 7 = a(2)^2 + b(2) + 3. = 4a+2b = 7-3$$

$$4a+b = -2$$

$$2a+b = 2$$

$$2a = -4$$

$$a = -2$$

$$b = 6$$

$$4a+2b = 4$$

$$2a+b = 2$$

②

Practice)

- 1) Find the equation of tangents to $y = x^3$ from the external point $(-2, 0)$.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$$

contact point (a, a^3)

\Rightarrow equation of tangent at (a, a^3)

$$y = 3a^2(x-a) + a^3$$

This line contains $(-2, 0)$

$$0 = 3a^2(-2-a) + a^3$$

$$0 = -6a^2 - 3a^3 + a^3$$

$$2a^3 + 6a^2 = 0$$

$$2a^2(a+3) = 0$$

$$a=0 \quad a=-3.$$

Equations of tangent

$$y = 0$$

$$y = 27x + 54$$

- 2) Find two equations of the tangent to $y = x^2 - x + 9$ from the external point $(0, 0)$

Find the tangent at $x=a$. $y = a^2 - a + 9$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}|_{x=a} = 2a - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y = (2a-1)(x-a) + a^2 - a + 9 \Leftarrow \text{contains } (0, 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = (2a-1)(-a) + a^2 - a + 9$$

$$0 = -2a^2 + a + a^2 - a + 9$$

$$a^2 = 9 \quad a = \pm 3$$

Equations of tangent

$$y = 5x \quad (x=3)$$

$$y = -7x \quad (x=-3)$$