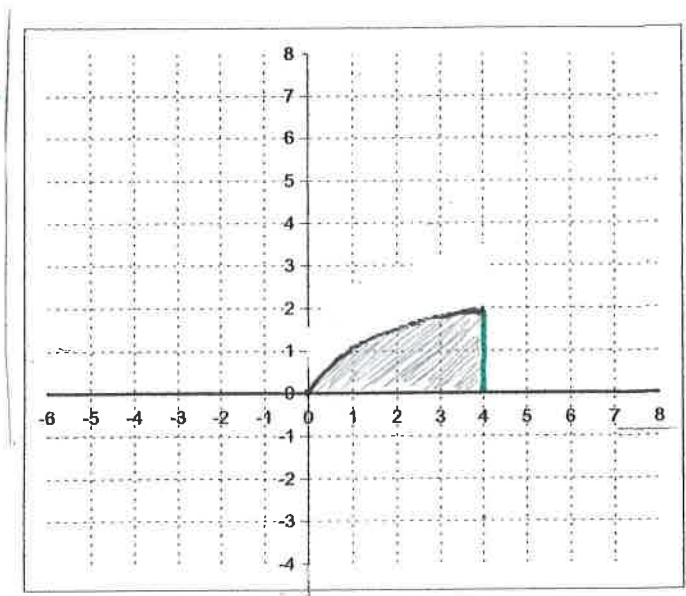


The graph shows the area bounded by  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $x$ -axis, and  $x=4$ .

Set up the integrals for the volume that would be generated by revolving this curve segment around the following Axes of rotation;



a.  $x$ -axis

b.  $y = -1$

c.  $y = 4$

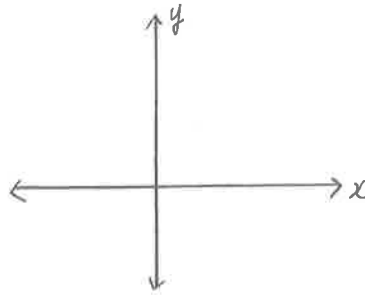
d.  $y$ -axis

e.  $x = -2$

d.  $x = 4$

The region  $M$  is enclosed by the function  $y = x^2$  and  $y = 3x$ .

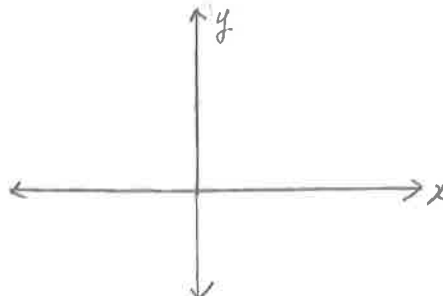
- a. Sketch the solid generated by revolving  $M$  about the  $x$ -axis and set up the integral of the volume.



$R_{outer} =$   
 $r_{inner} =$

$V =$

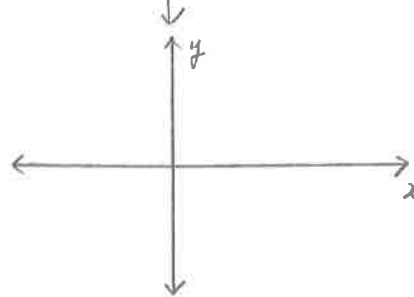
- b. Sketch the solid generated by revolving  $M$  about the  $y$ -axis and set up the integral of the volume.



$R_{outer} =$   
 $r_{inner} =$

$V =$

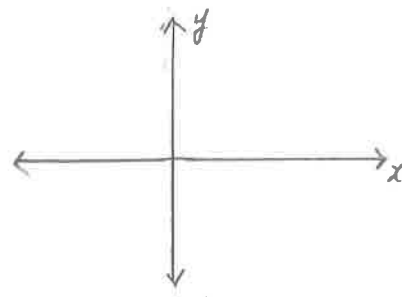
- c. Sketch the solid generated by revolving  $M$  about  $y = -1$  and set up the integral of the volume.



$R_{outer} =$   
 $r_{inner} =$

$V =$

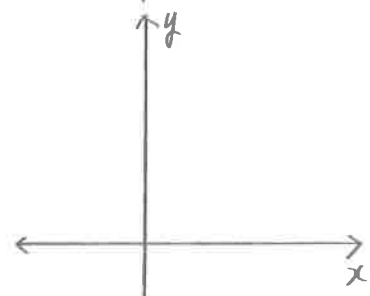
- d. Sketch the solid generated by revolving  $M$  about  $x = -1$  and set up the integral of the volume.



$R_{outer} =$   
 $r_{inner} =$

$V =$

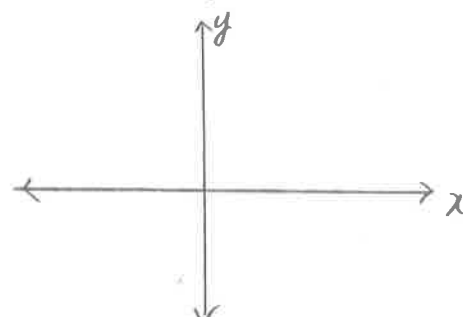
- e. Sketch the solid generated by revolving  $M$  about  $y = 10$  and set up the integral of the volume.



$R_{outer} =$   
 $r_{inner} =$

$V =$

- f. Sketch the solid generated by revolving  $M$  about  $x = 6$  and set up the integral of the volume.



$R_{outer} =$   
 $r_{inner} =$

$V =$