

IB Math 2: Vector Application

Name: Key , period:

1. In still water, Jacques, can swim at 1.5 m/s. Jacques is at point A on the edge of a canal, and considers point B directly opposite. A current is flowing from the left at a constant speed of 0.5 m/s.

a. If Jacques dives in straight towards B, and swims without allowing for the current, what will his actual speed and direction be?

$0.5 \frac{m}{s} = |C|$
 $1.5 \frac{m}{s} = |S|$
 θ : direction.
 $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{0.5}{1.5} \right) \approx 18.4^\circ$
 $|a|$: speed influenced by current
 $a^2 = (1.5)^2 + (0.5)^2$
 $\Rightarrow a = \sqrt{(1.5)^2 + (0.5)^2} \approx 1.58 \frac{m}{s}$

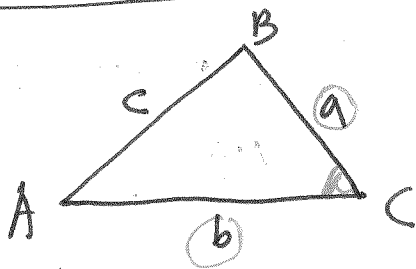
b. Jacques wants to swim directly across the canal to point B.

(i) At what angle should Jacques aim to swim in order that the current will correct his direction?

$\sin \beta = \frac{0.5}{1.5}$
 $\beta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{0.5}{1.5} \right) \approx 19.5^\circ$

(ii) What will Jacques' actual speed influenced by the current toward to B be?

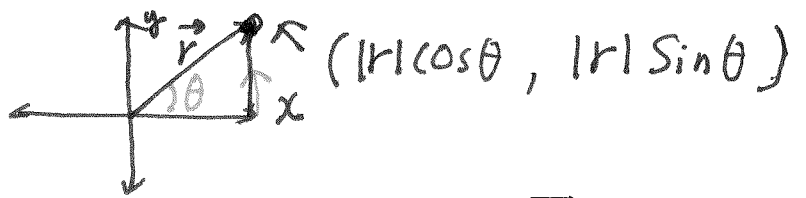
\vec{a} : Actual speed
 $(1.5)^2 = (0.5)^2 + a^2$
 $a = \sqrt{(1.5)^2 - (0.5)^2} = 1.41 \frac{m}{s}$



$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2 \cdot ab \cdot \cos C \quad (\text{SAS})$$

vector in $x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ form.
 $= |\mathbf{r}| \cos\theta \mathbf{i} + |\mathbf{r}| \sin\theta \mathbf{j}$

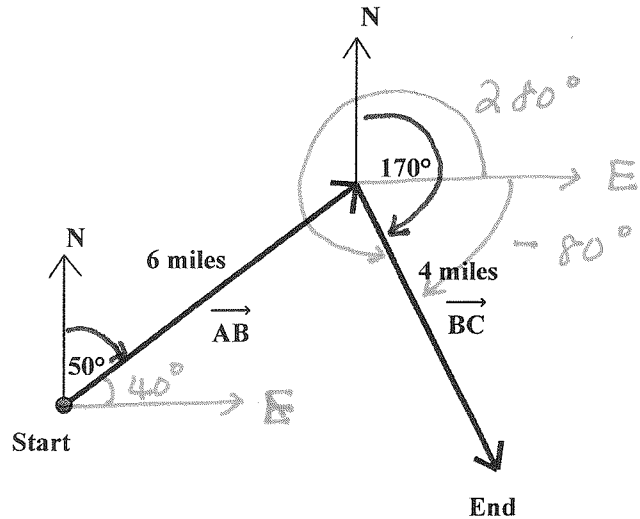


2. Sam walks 6 miles on a bearing of 50° (\overline{AB}), then another 4 miles on a bearing of 170° (\overline{BC}).

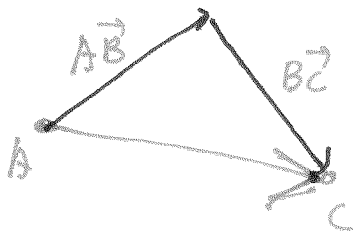
a. Write the vectors \overline{AB} and \overline{BC} in $x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ form.

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AB} &= (6 \cos 40^\circ)\mathbf{i} + (6 \sin 40^\circ)\mathbf{j} \\ &\approx 4.60\mathbf{i} + 3.86\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{BC} &= (4 \cos(-80^\circ))\mathbf{i} + (4 \sin(-80^\circ))\mathbf{j} \\ &\approx .695\mathbf{i} + (-3.94)\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$



b. Hence, write the resulting distance, displacement, as a sum of two vectors. Show the diagram of the resulting vector and calculate the displacement.



resultant vector: \overline{AC}

$$\overline{AC} = \overline{AB} + \overline{BC}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AC} &= [(4.60)\mathbf{i} + (3.86)\mathbf{j}] + [.695\mathbf{i} - 3.94\mathbf{j}] \\ &= 5.30\mathbf{i} - 0.08\mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

$$|\overline{AC}| = \sqrt{(5.30)^2 + (0.08)^2} = 5.30 \text{ miles}$$

